Spring Flood Outlook Spring 2021







National Weather Service – Green Bay March 01, 2021

Flood Risk Factors

Near Normal Risk for Spring Flooding in Northeast Wisconsin

Increases Flood Risk

- Elevated Stream Levels
 - 75th-90th Percentile
- Additional Cold Snaps
 - Increases ice thickness and ice jam potential
- Lake Michigan Levels
 - Running near record
 - Some improvement from 2020

Decreases Flood Risk

- Snow Depth
 - Remains Near to Below Normal
- Snow Water Equivalent
 - Below Normal (lowest 10th percentile for some locations)
- Frost Depth
 - Near normal for most locations
- Soil Moisture near to slightly above average

What has changed?

Near Normal Risk for Spring Flooding in Northeast Wisconsin

Main Changes Since Last Outlook

- Frost Depths have increased closer to normal
 - Around a 12"-15" for most locations, some deeper frost depths observed (depends on siting)
 - NWS observation increased from 9" to 11"
 - Not expected to be a major issue
 - unless early season heavy rains occur
- Lengthy Cold Snap
 - Increased ice thickness and ice jam potential closer to a medium risk across northeast Wisconsin
 - One on the Menominee River near Pembine
- Slight increase in streamflow and soil moisture

Greatest Threat of Minor Flooding

Typical Flooding Expected at the Following Locations:

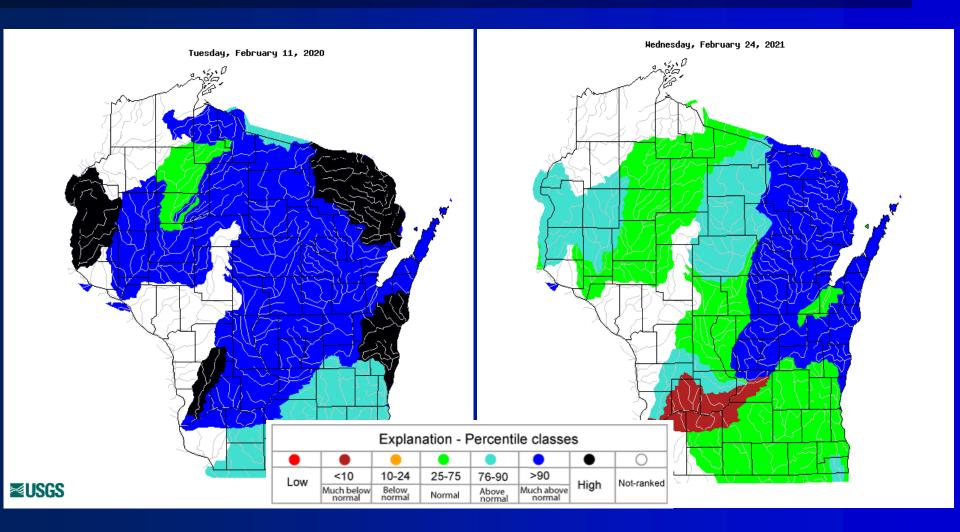
BBCW3 – Yellow River at Babcock

SHIW3 – Wolf River at Shiocton

NEWW3 – Wolf River at New London

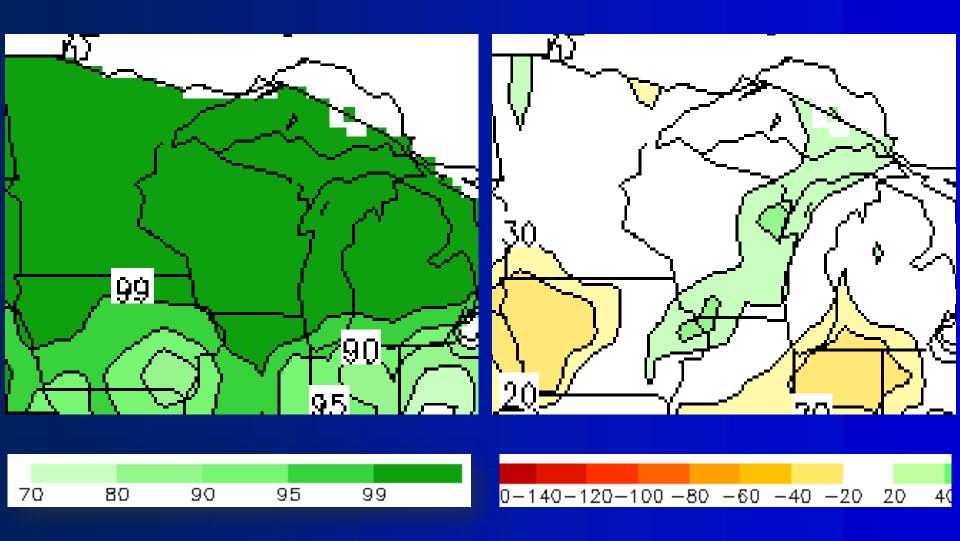
 Shoreline Flooding Likely - East River, Fox River, Oconto River and Menominee River

Streamflow Data 2020 vs 2021

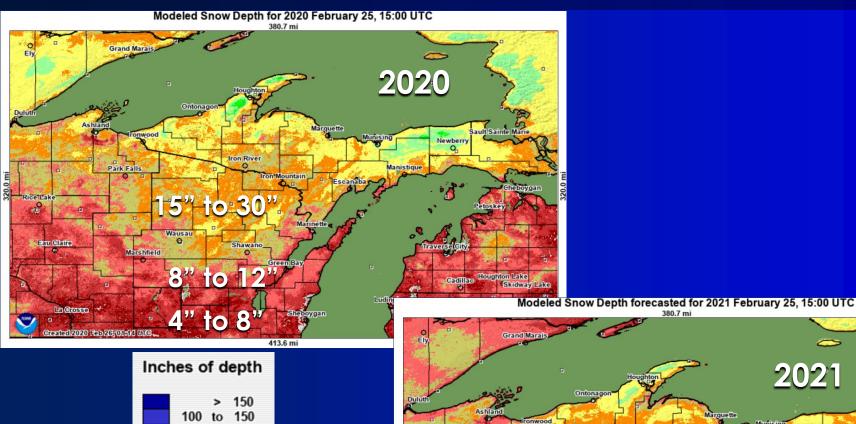


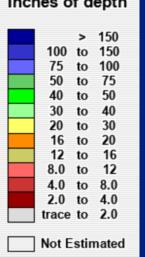
- Streamflow is near to above normal, but has improved from last year.
- Higher river flow may still lead to quick rises to at least bankfull in some areas.

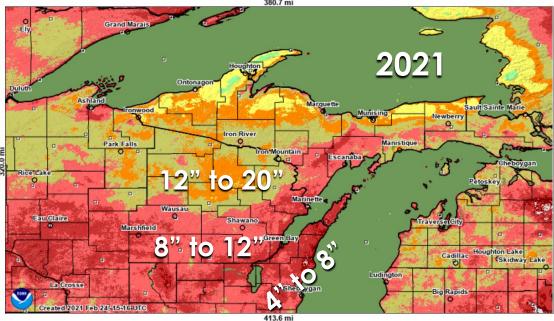
Soil Moisture Content February 11, 2020 vs. February 25, 2021



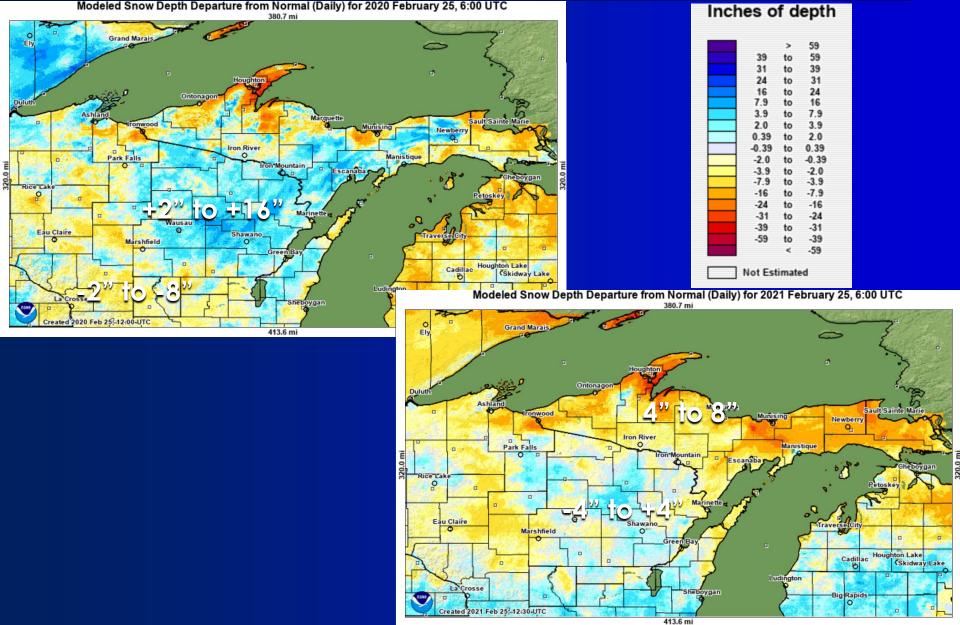
Snow Depth 2020 vs 2021



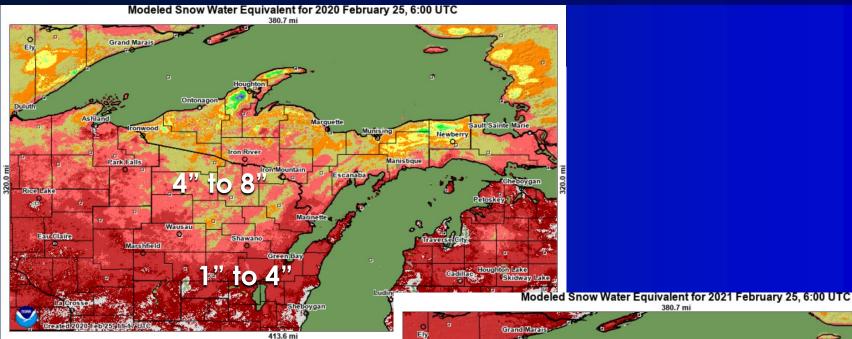


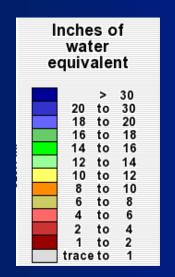


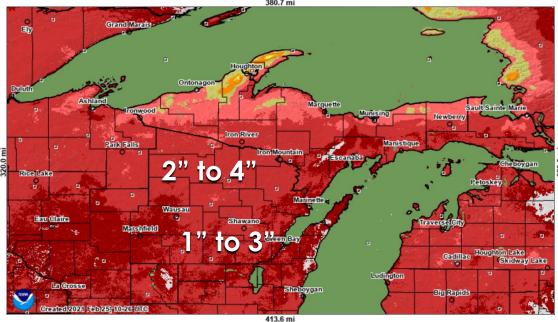
Snow Depth and Departure from Average



Snow Water Equivalent 2020 vs 2021



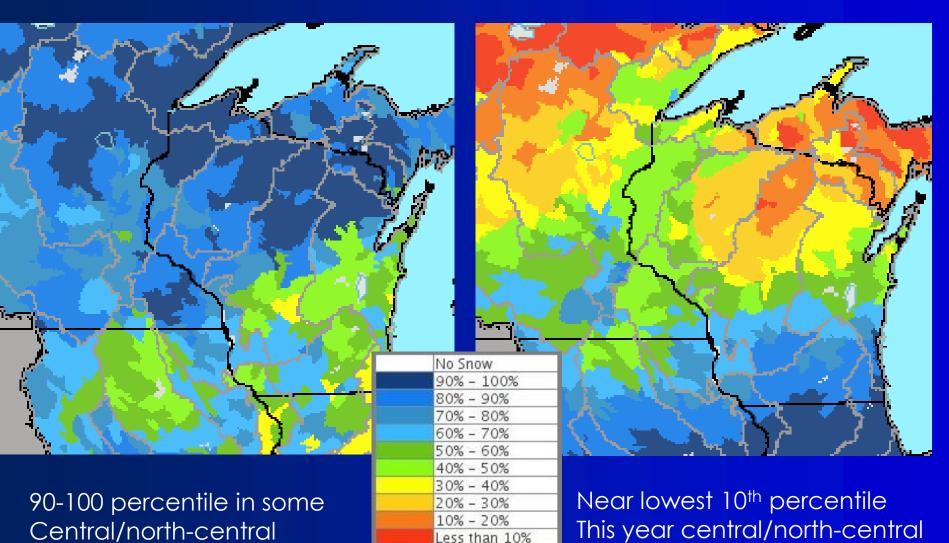




Snow Water Equivalent Percentiles

Percentiles 2/12/2020

Percentiles 2/25/2021



Less than 10%

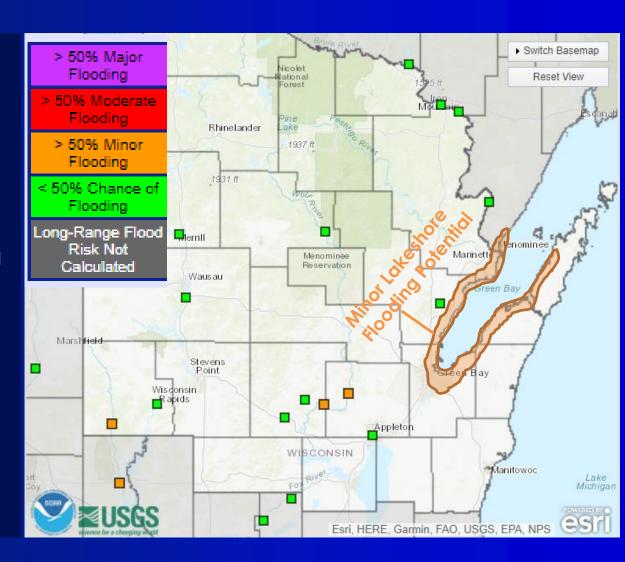
River Flooding Probabilities

Minor flooding possible on a few Northeast Wisconsin rivers.

- -Wolf River
- -Yellow River

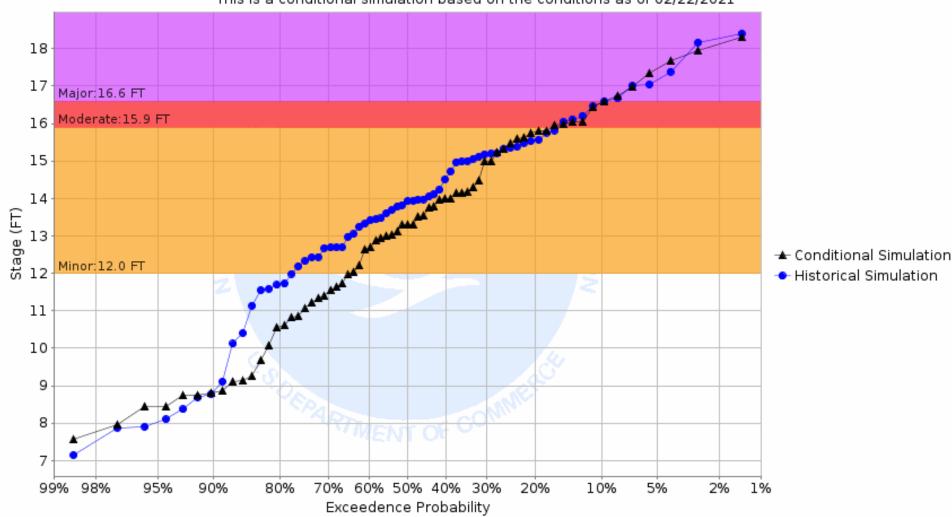
Minor Lakeshore flooding expected along the Bay

- -East River
- -Fox River
- -Oconto River
- -Menominee

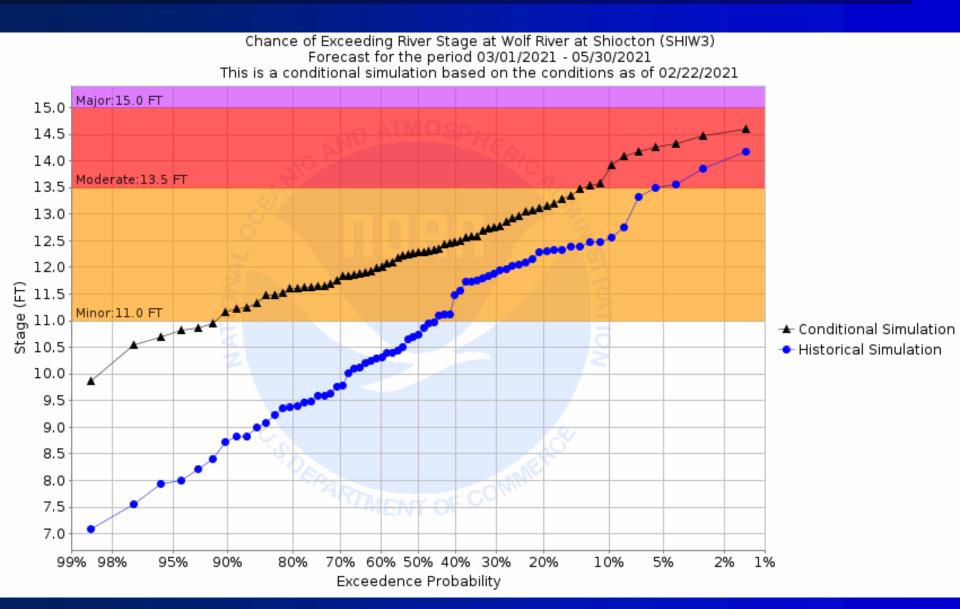


Probability of Flooding Yellow River (BBCW3)

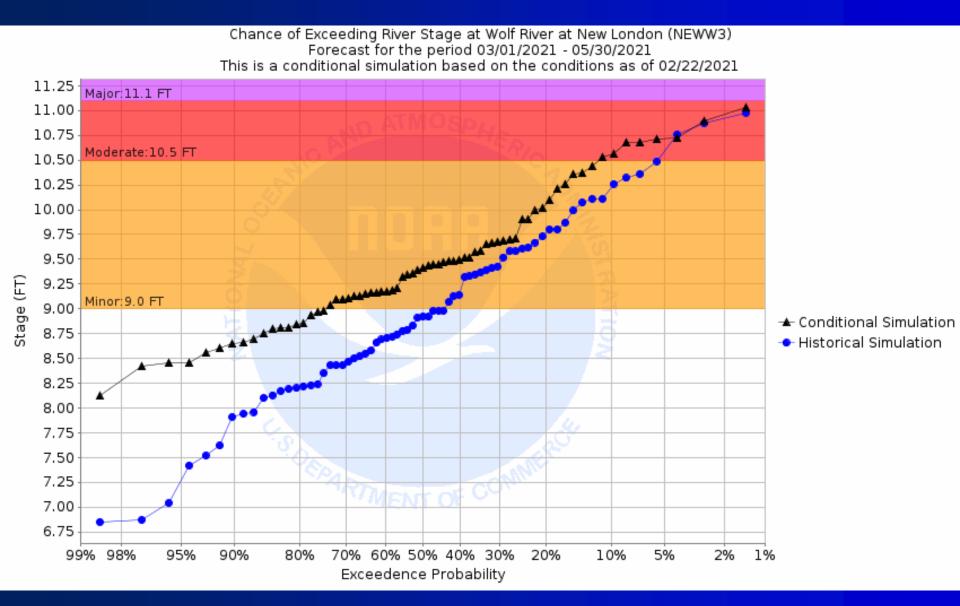
Chance of Exceeding River Stage at Yellow River at Babcock 1WNW (BBCW3)
Forecast for the period 03/01/2021 - 05/30/2021
This is a conditional simulation based on the conditions as of 02/22/2021



Probability of Flooding Wolf River (SHIW3)



Probability of Flooding Wolf River (NEWW3)

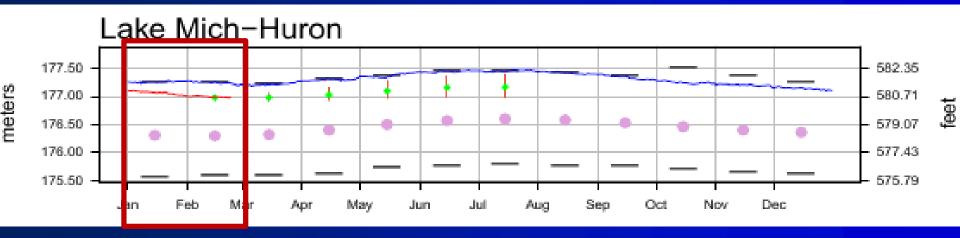


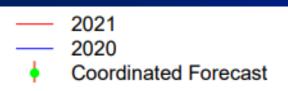
Lake Michigan Water Levels and Flooding Concerns

Shoreline Flooding and River Flooding

- Shoreline flooding potential remains elevated this year with Lake Michigan water levels running well above normal.
- The Great Lakes are subject to shoreline flooding as a result of strong storms.
 - (Especially with northeast winds)
 - Impacts the East River, Fox River, Oconto River and Menominee River
- Lakeshore flooding is primarily caused by storm surge and wave action.
- Can be cause from convection outflow.

Lake Michigan Water Levels 2020 vs 2021



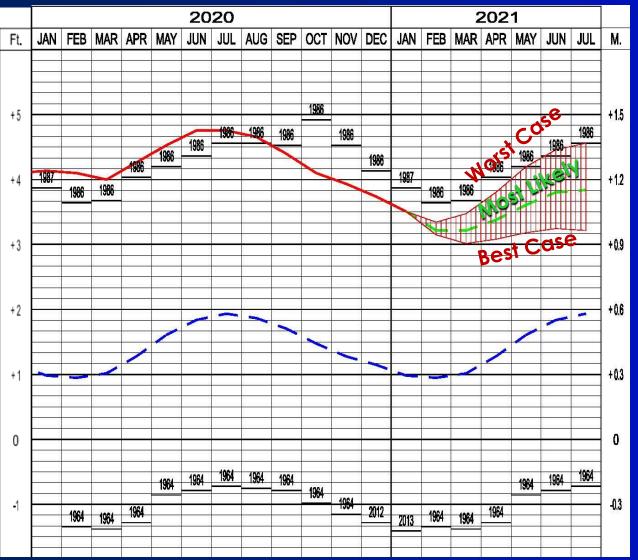


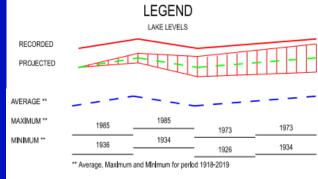
LTA Monthly Mean
 Record High/Low Monthly Mean



Lake levels are around 10 inches lower than 2020, but still around 27 inches above the long-term average.

Lake Michigan Forecast Water Levels



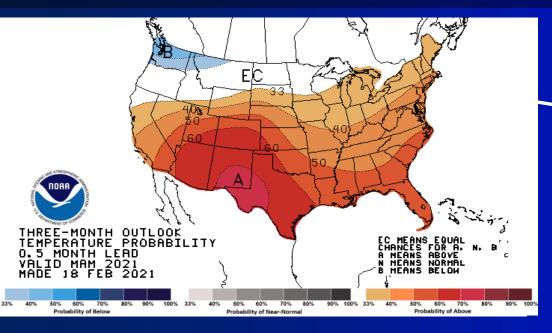


Lake levels are still running around 2-3 feet above the long-term average.

Data is from the US Army Corps of Engineers.

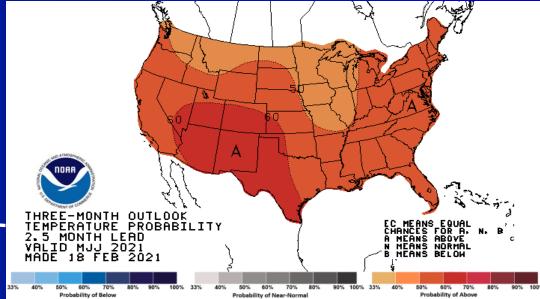


Spring Temperature Outlook

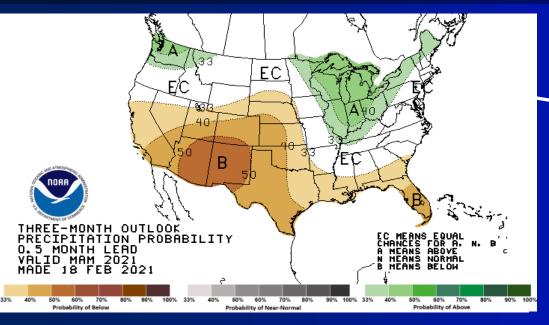


March through May

May through June-

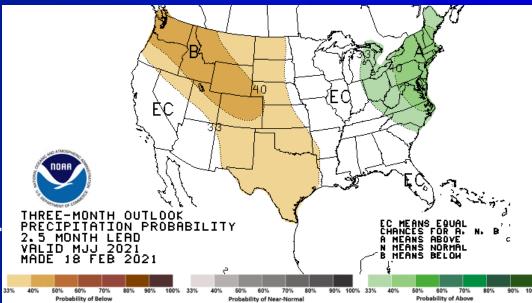


Spring Precipitation Outlook



March through May

May through July



Conclusions

- Near Normal Threat of Flooding in Northeast Wisconsin
- Yellow River and Wolf River Greatest Chance of Seeing Minor Flooding
- Elevated Lakeshore Flooding Potential Lingers This Year
- Final Flooding Threat will Depend On:
 - Any Heavy Precipitation Events
 - Especially heavy rain on frozen ground and snowpack
 - Nature of snowmelt
 - Quicker snowmelt increases the risk of flooding
 - Slow-steady snowmelt decrease the risk
 - Ice Jam formation (Low to medium risk)

Questions or comments...

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Useful Links

- Streamflow Data USGS WaterWatch
- Soil Moisture Data <u>CPC Soil Moisture</u>
- Seasonal Outlooks Climate Prediction Center
- Snow Information NOHRSC
- Frost Depth Data <u>North-Central River Forecast Center</u>
- Great Lakes Water Levels <u>US Army Corps of Engineers</u>